

cosmetics?

TIME ALLOWED: (PART-I MCQs)

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION **COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2014**

Roll Number

MAXIMUM MARKS: 20

CHEMISTRY, PAPER-II

30 MINUTES

THREE HOURS		(PART-II) 2 HOURS & 30 MINUTES		MAXIMUM MARKS: 80			
NOTE:(i)		s to be attempted on the				1110.00	
` '	(ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks.						
` ′	(iii) Candidate must write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q. Paper.						
(iv)	·						
	be crossed.						
(v)	(v) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.						
PART-II							
Q. No. 2.	Define the	e following terms:			(2 each)	(20)	
Q. 110. 2.		Catalytic cracking	(b)	Catalytic reforming	(c) Fermentation	(=0)	
) Alkylation		Antibiotics	(f) Plastic		
		Surfactant		Unit operation	(i) Unit Process		
	(j)	Emulsion polymeriza	ation				
O.N. 2	(a) Explain the following with suitable examples. (2 each)					(1.4)	
Q. No. 3.	_	In the following with so Partition Coefficient		-	(2 each)	(14)	
	` '	Colloidal solution	` '	Surface tension Emulsions	(c) Viscosity(f) Nanoparticles		
	` ′	Baeyer's strain theor	` ,	Linuisions	(1) Tranoparticles		
						(0.6)	
	(b) Give one examples (with structure) of each of the following: (2 each) (0						
	(a) $s - sp$ hybridization (b) $sp2 - sp2$ hybridization (c) $sp - sp2$ hybridization						
(c) $sp - spz$ hybridization							
Q. No. 4.	(a) What do you mean by Chemiluminescence? Explain with examples.					(07)	
	(b) Arrange the following functional groups in decreasing order of stability of					(05)	
	carbocations?						
	$(CH_3)_3 C$	$(CH_3)_3 C^+, CH_3^+, CH_3 CH_2^+, (CH_3)_2 CH^+, CH_2 = CH - CH_2^+, C_6H_5 CH_2^+,$					
	(c) Expla	in the following terms	:				
	`	(a) Standard solution (b) Molar solution (c) Molal solution					
	(d) Formal Solution (e) Normal solution						
	(d) How many grams of KOH are in 600 mL of 0.450 M KOH solution?						
						(03)	
Q. No. 5.	Give one representative example of each of the following reactions. Give complete						
	equation and label it. (2 each)						
) ((a) Witting reaction (b) Oxiation of 1 ° and 2 ° alcohols					
	(c)	•	tion	(d) Hydration of Al	lkenes		
		Glycol cleavage Tollen's test		(f) Ozonolysis (h) Propagation rea	ation		
	(g) (i)			(h) Propagation rea(j) Condensation p			
	(i) Sixi reaction (j) Condensation polymerization						
Q. No. 6.	(a) Wha	(a) What are wetting agents and for what purpose they are used?					
	(b) Describe briefly the alternatives used to hydrogenation of vegetable oils for the formation vegetable Ghee.					(05)	
	(c) Give a laboratory test to differentiate between unsaturated and saturated molecules.						
Q. No. 7.	(a) What approaches are followed to rule out keto-enol tautomerism. Draw the					(10)	

tautomerism exhibited by acetone and acetoacetic ester.

(b) Explain the industrial preparation of Gels? Explain their use in medicine and

(10)

CHEMISTRY, PAPER-II

Q. No. 8. (a) Draw the structures of the following molecules:

(a) Cyclohex-en-1-one
(b) Cyclohexanecarbaldehyde
(c) Hexadecane
(d) 3-methyl-1-butene
(e) 4-bromo-3-methyl-1-butene
(f) 4-ethenylcyclohexanol
(g) 2-methyl-3-butene-1-ol
(h) 6-ethyl-1-methylcyclohexene
(i) 2-amino-3-phenylpropionic acid
(j) 2-formyl-4-oxocyclohexanecarboxylic acid

(b) Name the following structures according to IUPAC/common system of nomenclature:
