FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION



(a) 2011

(b) 2012

TIME ALLOWED: (PART-I MCQs) 30 MINUTES

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2011

Roll Number

MAXIMUM MARKS: 20

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

THREE	HOURS	(PART	-II)	2 HOURS	S & 30 MIN	UTES	MAX	KIMU!	M MA	ARKS: 80
NOTE: (i) First attempt PART-I (MCQs) on separate Answer Sheet which shall be taken back after									after 30	
minutes. (ii) Overwriting/cutting of the options/answers will not be given credit.										
(ii) Overw	riting/cu	tting of the op	tions/ans	wers will not	t be given	credit.			
(PART-I MCQs) (COMPULSORY)										
Q.1. S	Select the best	option/ar	nswer and fill i	n the appr	opriate box	on the Ar	nswer She	et.	(1 x	x 20=20)
(i) The	e author of the	e book "T	he End of Hist	ory and th	e Last Man"	is:				
(a)	Fukuyama	(b)	Huntington	(c)	Kissinger	(d)	Christine	Faire	(e)	None of these
(ii) The	e author of the	e book "T	wenty Years C	Crisis" is:						
(a)	Rosenau	(b)	Harold J Lasi	ki (c)	E. H. Carr	(d)	John Dev	vey	(e)	None of these
(iii) Bal	lance of powe	r is based	on:							
(a)	(a) Realist Paradigm				Liberal Paradigm					
(c)	Marxist Par	adigm		(d)	Post Moder	nism			(e)	None of these
(iv) Em	manuel Kant	and John	Locke provide	es the philo	osophical bas	sis for:				
(a)	Realism	(b) Libe	eralism (c)	Post Mode	ernism (d)	Behavio	ouralism		(e)	None of these
(v) Pre	Emptive Stri	ke Doctri	ne confers upo	n states th	e:					
(a)	Right to attack any potential threat to its security (b) Right to attack when they are actually attacked									
(c)										
(d)	Duty to resp	ond to th	e calls of UN.	(e)	None of the	ese			•	
(vi) Modern State System is believed to have started with:										
(a)	End of Second World War (b) Versailles Treaty									
(c)	End of Cold War			(d)	Peace of Westphalia (e)			None of these		
	i) The 1979 summit meeting which led to peace between Egypt and Israel was held at:									
	Camp X-Ra	_	Camp Roger		Camp New Y				(e)	None of these
	artheid was a	• ` ′	1 0	(-)	1	()	, <u>r</u> -		(-)	
-	State of Isra		tire.	(b)	State of We	est Africa				
(c)	State of South Africa			(d)	State of North Africa (e)				None of these	
` /	kistan joined l			(u)	State of 140.	i tii 7 tii i Ca		(0)	11011	c of these
(a)	1955	(b)	1978	(c)	1988	(d)) 1985	(e)	Non	e of these
	Pakistan:	(0)	1770	(0)	1700	(4)	, 1703	(0)	11011	c of these
		must bor	otified by Sone	to to booo	ma hindina					
(a)	All treaties must be ratified by Senate to become binding The government can bind Pakistan to any treaty without informing the Parliament									
(b)	The government can bind Pakistan to any treaty without informing the Parliament									
(c)	Constitution requires referendum on each treaty before it becomes binding All provincial governments must also agree with the federal government before a treaty becomes									
(d)	binding		iments must als	so agree w	ith the federa	al governr	nent betor	e a trea	ity be	comes
(e)	None of the	se								
(xi) SA	ARC was est	ablished i	n:							
(a)	1993	(b)	1985	(c)	1990	(d)	1998	((e) I	None of these
(xii) NA	TO has anno	unced to l	nand over all se	ecurity ope	erations in At	fghanistar	to Afgha	ns in:		

(c) 2013

(e) None of these

(d) 2014

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

(xiii) Intifada refers to:

- (a) The Russian revolution (b) The spontaneous popular uprising of the Palestinians beginning in the late 1980s
- (c) Palestinian relations with Jordan (d) The popular uprising of the Arab people for democracy
- (e) None of these

(xiv) Through Balfour Declaration 1917:

- (a) USA announced its support for creation of Israel
- (b) Britain announced its support for creation of independent Palestine
- (c) Britain announced its commitment to the creation of a Jewish state in the Middle East
- (d) Soviet Union announced its support for World Revolution
- (e) None of these

(xv) The current row between US and Iran is about:

- (a) Iran's system of Education
- (b) Iran's Democracy
- (c) Iran's Nuclear Program
- (d) Iran's relations with Pakistan
- (e) None of these

(xvi) Kerry Lugar Bill is about:

(a) Aid specifically to Pakistani flood victims

(b) Aid to Pakistan

- (c) Aid to Pakistan Army
- (d) Aid to Muslim countries
- (e) None of these

(xvii) Indo-Chinese war occurred in:

- (a) 1965
- (b) 1962
- (c) 1971
- (d) 1948
- (e) None of these

(xviii) Ho Chi Minh was:

(a) Leader of Vietnam

(b) Leader of Laos

(c) Leader of Thailand

- (d) Leader of Japan (e) None of these
- (xix) Missile crisis of 1962 was between:
 - (a) USA, USSR and Cuba
- (b) USA, USSR and Argentine
- (c) USA, USSR and Egypt
- (d) USA, USSR and Iran
- (e) None of these

- (xx) New International Economic Order:
 - (a) is Economic System structured after the end of Cold War.
 - (b) was the demand of the rich countries to change the International Economic System.
 - (c) was the demand of the Global South to restructure the International Economic System.
 - (d) is the International Economic System based on technological revolution. (e) None of these

PART-II

NOTE:(i) **PART-II** is to be attempted on separate Answer Book.

a better explaining IR and why? Discuss with empirical evidence.

- (ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. All questions carry EQUAL marks.
- (iii) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.
- **Q.2.** Define International Relations. Identify and explain its continuously changing and expanding nature and subject matter.
- Q.3. Define and explain the nature of International Law. Does International Law have any real role in International Relations? (20)
- Q.4. Discuss and explain the causes of World War II. Could a different policy by Britain, France and USA have avoided its occurrence? (20)
- Q.5. Discuss the significance and increasing role of International society in the classically sovereign domains of State with reference to United Nations. Also debate whether the UN in its present structure and status can play the increased role expected of it. (20)
- Q.6. Identify the main arguments of the Realism and Liberalism in IR. Which approach appeals to you as
- Q.7. Discuss and analyse the role of Soviet Union during the Cold War. Was it a stabilizing or destabilizing factor in International Relations? Elaborate your answer with reference to theory and facts.
- Q.8. Explain why, despite being target of terrorism, Pakistan's international allies often publicly express dissatisfaction with Pakistan's counter terrorism policy and actions? Is this a failure of Pakistani diplomacy or weakness in its policy? Identify the fault and suggest corrective measures, if required. (20)

(20)

(20)

(20)