# FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION



### COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2013

<u>Roll Number</u>

#### **ENGLISH LITERATURE, PAPER-II**

	TIME ALLOWED:			(PART-I MCQs)	<b>30 MINUTES</b>	MAXIMUM MARKS: 20				
	THREF	E HO	URS	(PART-II)	2 HOURS & 30 MINUTES	MAXIMUM MARKS: 80				
after <b>30</b> minutes	NOTE:	(i)	First attempt PART-I (MCQs) on separate OMR Answer Sheet which shall be taken back							
ditter by minutes.			after 30	) minutes.						
(ii) Overwriting/cutting of the options/answers will not be given credit.		( <b>ii</b> )	Overwriting/cutting of the options/answers will not be given credit.							

#### PART-I ((MCQs) (COMPULSORY)

Q.1. (i) Select the best option/answer and fill in the appropriate Circle O on the OMR Answer Sheet. (20x1=20) (ii) Answers given anywhere, other than OMR Answer Sheet, shall not be considered.

1.	Which novel is not written							
	( <b>a</b> ) Emma ( <b>b</b> ) The C	Thimes (c)	Persuasion	( <b>d</b> )	Mansfield Park	<b>(e)</b>	None of these	
2.	Shaw wrote more than:							
	(a) 30 plays (b) 40 pla	ays (c)	50 plays	( <b>d</b> )	60 plays	<b>(e)</b>	None of these	
3.	Shaw died at the age of:							
	(a) 75 (b) 85	(c)	95	( <b>d</b> )	105	<b>(e)</b>	None of these	
4.	Jack Worthing is a character created by:							
	(a) Shaw (b) Dicke	ens (c)	Browning	( <b>d</b> )	Hardy	<b>(e)</b>	None of these	
5.	"Adam Bede" is a:							
	(a) Play (b) Nove	l (c)	Short Story	( <b>d</b> )	Poem	<b>(e)</b>	None of these	
6.	Dickens sprang to fame with a publication of:							
	(a) Hard Times (b) David Copperfield (c) Pickwick Papers (d) Great Expectations (e) None of these							
7.	Who served as an Irish se	nator for two te	rms?					
	(a) Wilde (b) Shaw	(c)	Ibsen	( <b>d</b> )	Yeats	<b>(e)</b>	None of these	
8.	"John Bull's Other Island" is written by:							
	(a) Shaw (b) Wilde	e (c)	Hemingway	( <b>d</b> )	Beckett	<b>(e)</b>	None of these	
9.	Lilliputians symbolise exe	cessive human:						
	(a) Jealousy (b) Confi	dence (c)	Pride	( <b>d</b> )	Ego	<b>(e)</b>	None of these	
10.	Houyhnhnms represent life governed by sense and:							
	(a) Moderation (b) Pati	ience (c)	Understanding	( <b>d</b> )	Compromise	<b>(e)</b>	None of these	
11.	Cordelia's chief characteristic is her:							
	(a) Beauty (b) Devot	ion (c)	Sympathy	( <b>d</b> )	Kindness	<b>(e)</b>	None of these	
12.	Henry Higgins is a character in:							
	(a) Pygmalion (b) Sai		5	( <b>d</b> )	Candida	<b>(e)</b>	None of these	
13.	Eliot worked for Faber an	d Faber as an/a	:					
		Director (c)		( <b>d</b> )	Editor	<b>(e)</b>	None of these	
14.	Wordsworth was appointed as poet Laureate in:							
	<b>(a)</b> 1843 <b>(b)</b> 1844	• • •	1845	( <b>d</b> )	1846	<b>(e)</b>	None of these	
15.								
	(a) Cricket (b) Baseb	ball (c)	Softball	( <b>d</b> )	Football	<b>(e)</b>	None of these	
16.	"Jude the Obscure" is a:							
	(a) Comedy (b) Trage	dy (c)	Tragi-Comedy	( <b>d</b> )	Black Comedy	<b>(e)</b>	None of these	
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#### ENGLISH LITERATURE, PAPER-II

17.	Eliot was influe	nced b	by:					
	(a) Ezra Pound	(b) S	Shaw	(c)	Hardy	( <b>d</b> )	Wilde	(e) None of these
18.	Who became the	e poet	Laureate of	f Englan	d and Ireland	during th	ne reign of Que	een Victoria?
	(a) Tennyson	<b>(b)</b>	Browning	(c)	Hardy	( <b>d</b> )	Lawrence	(e) None of these
19.	Hemingway also	o worl	ked as a:					
	(a) Carpenter	<b>(b)</b>	Painter	(c)	Surgeon	( <b>d</b> )	Driver	(e) None of these
20.	"Tales from Sha	kespe	are" is writ	ten by:				
	(a) Shakespear	e (b)	) Lamb	(c)	Lawrence	( <b>d</b> )	Mary Anne E	Evans (e) None of these
					PART-II			

NOTE: (i) Part-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book.

- (ii) Candidate must write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q. Paper.
  (iii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II, select TWO questions from EACH SECTION. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks.
- (iv) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.

#### **SECTION-A**

- Q.2. Shakespeare includes characters in *Hamlet* who are obvious foils for Hamlet, (20) including, most obviously, Horatio, Fortinbras, Claudius and Laertes. Compare and contrast Hamlet with each of these characters. How does each respond to the crises with which he is faced?
- Q.3. *Gulliver's Travels* could in fact be described as one of the first novels of modern (20) alienation, focusing on an individual's repeated failures to integrate into societies to which he does not belong. Present your view point backed by supporting arguments.
- Q.4. Though Jane Austen satirizes snobs in her novels; some critics have accused her of being a snob herself. Giving special consideration to Mrs. Bennet and Mr. Collins in Pride and Prejudice, argue and defend one side of this issue.
- Q.5. Because of its stunning, violent imagery and terrifying ritualistic language, "The Second Coming" is one of Yeats' most famous and most anthologized poems; it is also one of the most thematically obscure and difficult poem to understand. Elaborate with relevant textual evidence.

## **SECTION-B**

- Q.6. "The Waste Land" is full of sounds, onomotopoiea: from "jug jug jug" to "drip drop" (20) to "twit twit" to "co co rico." What is the significance of this technique for the poem as a whole? Analyze each of the moments in which such language appears.
- Q.7. Both Santiago and the Marlin display qualities of pride, honor, and bravery, and both (20) are subject to the same eternal law: they must kill or be killed. How does Earnest Hemingway present this battle in *Old Man and the Sea*?
- Q.8. Though it seems as if nothing happens in the play, actions actually play a very (20) important role in *Waiting for Godot*. They stag directions of the play constitute nearly half of the text, suggesting that the actions, expressions, and emotions of the actors are as important as the dialogue. Examine the significance of the stage directions given by Samuel Beckett.

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